

Name _____

Chapter 2 Quiz

Write the letter that corresponds to the best answer choice in the space provided.

- _____ 1. What is the Exsultet?
- a. a prayer of sorrow and remorse for Original Sin
 - b. Latin for “ex-Catholic,” or former Catholic
 - c. refers to Original Sin as a happy fault because it earned so great and glorious a Redeemer
 - d. refers to the former sinful state of a person who was just baptized at the Easter Vigil
- _____ 2. What is true about ending the cycle of sin and death?
- a. It has been a gradual process throughout salvation history, clearly seen in the covenants.
 - b. It was proclaimed by the prophet Ezekiel when he explained that God only punishes the sinner.
 - c. It will never happen, since God not only causes the person to suffer, but also their children and grandchildren.
 - d. It occurred with King David.
- _____ 3. What does the Protoevangelium refer to?
- a. a passage from Exodus about the Paschal Lamb
 - b. the earliest foreshadowing of the covenant with Abraham
 - c. another name of the first of the four Gospels
 - d. the first announcement that God will be victorious over sin and death
- _____ 4. What does the symbolism in the Protoevangelium mean?
- a. The snake (Devil) will cause Jesus’ death.
 - b. The Virgin Mary is hostile to Eve.
 - c. It gives us a glimpse of the “Good News” of the coming of Jesus Christ.
 - d. It explains “the first punishment” for all humankind.
- _____ 5. What are biblical covenants rooted in?
- a. mutual respect and love for one another
 - b. obedience and controlling the human urge to sin
 - c. separation from God
 - d. the reign of King David



- _____ 6. What does typology describe?
- a. the way in which Noah's family lost all points of reference in the Great Flood
 - b. the unity of God's plan in both the Old and New Testaments
 - c. Saint Augustine's explanation that the Old and New Testaments remain hidden from our understanding because of sin and death
 - d. the false belief that the New Testament replaces the Old Testament
- _____ 7. What was unique to the Noah covenant?
- a. It occurred in the midst of the forty days of rain and disorienting loss.
 - b. It was similar to the second Creation account with Adam and Eve.
 - c. It gave the sense that God reestablished the justice and holiness that he originally intended for humanity.
 - d. It was with and for one united people of Israel.
- _____ 8. Which of the following is NOT part of the covenant promises that God establishes with Abraham?
- a. to ensure that he will never again devastate the Earth
 - b. to make of him a great nation by providing Abraham with many descendants
 - c. to make Abraham and his descendants a blessing for all the nations
 - d. to provide Abraham and his descendants a land of their own
- _____ 9. The Sinai Covenant displays many elements of what kind of treaty?
- a. parity treaty
 - b. Versailles treaty
 - c. vassal treaty
 - d. Hittite treaty
- _____ 10. With whom did God make a one-sided and unconditional covenant?
- a. Noah
 - b. Abraham
 - c. Moses
 - d. David

